

How to fill out TR-82 — Transfer on Death Affidavit

The easy door, for the estates that planned ahead. Kansas titles can name a transfer-on-death beneficiary, and when the owner dies this affidavit is how the named person claims the vehicle: the beneficiaries certify who they are, that the deceased was the lawful owner, that they are listed on the title as successors, and they certify the odometer reading - because an affidavit transfer has no assignment block to carry the mileage. No probate, no court, no notary; the sworn sentence and the attachments do all of it.

This sheet is not the form. Download the blank TR-82 from the Kansas Department of Revenue, Division of Vehicles at <https://www.ksrevenue.gov/pdf/tr82.pdf?f=ks-tr82.pdf> — always take the current revision from the agency rather than a copy. Print this and keep it beside you while you complete theirs.

Every line, in the order you meet it

1	YOU	Every named beneficiary	The names, exactly as the title's TOD designation carries them. Watch out: All of them - and if one wants no part of the car, the disclaiming affidavit the instructions describe happens now, not after the county has keyed a half-set of names.
2	YOU	The deceased and the date	The owner's name and the date of death, inside the printed certification. Watch out: Match the death certificate exactly - it is attached to this sheet, and the county reads them side by side.
3	YOU	Vehicle and mileage	Year, make, style, VIN, the odometer reading with no tenths, and one of the three boxes. Watch out: Read the dash on the day you sign. An estate car that sat for a year still gets its true current reading, and actual is almost always the honest box.
4	YOU	Sign, and gather the attachments	Signatures and printed names, plus the death certificate, the title verification, and any lienholder consent or release. Watch out: The verification can be the title itself, the last registration receipt, or an ownership verification from the county or the Division - cheapest first.
5	YOU	The county, then the market	Take the affidavit and its attachments to the county treasurer's motor vehicle office and title the vehicle in the beneficiary's name. Watch out: Only then can the car be sold - the new title in your name is what you will assign to a buyer, and Kansas's ordinary rules take over from there.

What gets this one rejected

- An applicant the title does not name. The whole affidavit turns on the successor sentence - the applicants must be listed on the title as successors - and no sworn statement puts an unnamed relative inside it.
- No death certificate. The instructions require a copy of the death certificate for each owner shown on the Kansas title, attached.
- No proof of what the title says. The instructions ask for verification that the vehicle was last titled in Kansas, to whom, and who is shown as beneficiary - the title itself, the last registration receipt, or a verification of ownership from the county treasurer or the Division.
- A lien ignored. Where a lienholder is listed on the face of the title, the instructions require a notarized lienholder's consent on a TR-128 or a notarized lien release from the lienholder of record.
- A beneficiary name that no longer matches. Where the name on the deceased's title is not how the beneficiary's new title should read, the instructions send you to the One and the Same affidavit on the TR-12.

☒ Amber is what you write ☐ Grey is a block somebody else completes The completed example follows overleaf.

(This affidavit is used by the beneficiaries upon the death of the vehicle owner(s).)
www.ksrevenue.gov

1	Philomena R. Knackstedt	

2 who departed this life on 04/09/2026 and that the deceased person(s) was the lawful owner(s) of the following vehicle:

Style:	Sedan	VIN	1G4HD57267U238414
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I certify to the best of my knowledge that the odometer reading is (check one):

☐ The odometer reading is not actual mileage (**Warning – Odometer Discrepancy**)

By my signature I swear that this is a true statement. I am aware that the law provides severe penalties for making false statements under oath.

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- Attached verification that the vehicle was last titled in Kansas, to whom and who is shown as the Transfer on Death beneficiary(s). Verification can be the title, last registration receipt or a verification of ownership issued by either the County Treasurer or the Kansas Division of Vehicles.
- Attach a copy(s) of the death certificate(s) for the owner(s) shown on the Kansas title.
- If there is a lienholder listed on the face of the title, a notarized written lienholder's consent to transfer the title Form TR-128 is required or a notarized lien release from the lienholder of record.
- If one of the beneficiaries shown on the title wishes to disclaim their interest in the vehicle they may do so by completing an affidavit conveying their interest to the other person named as beneficiary. At least one of the parties listed as a beneficiary must title the vehicle in their name before transferring the ownership of the vehicle.
- If the name of a beneficiary listed on the deceased title is not the way it is to be listed on the beneficiary's new title, a One and the Same Affidavit form (TR-12) must be completed.
- Take this affidavit and the above documentation to your Local County Treasurer's motor vehicle office when making application for title.